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SATURDAY, APRIL 10. 1736. N°. 246.

To the DAILY GAZETTEER.

Timeo Danaos & dona ferentes. VIRGIL.

SIR,

Read with a great deal of Pleaſure, in the publick Papers, that his Honour the *Craftſman*, was in a *fair Way of Recovery*; by which I underſtand him to be *as well as can be expected from one in his Condition* (*imaginatio Laeſa*) the Diſtemper he labours under being incurable, unleſs the [illegible] would ſubmit to be ruled, which Perſons in his [illegible] Circumſtances can never be perſuaded to.

[illegible] Phyſician hath told me often, over a Glaſs of [illegible], 'Mr. *D'Anvers* might be as well as ever he was in his Life, if he would leave off tormenting himſelf with Politicks; but as ſoon as I have alleviated his Diſorder, by the Preſcription of a cooling Regimen, he falls to work again, writes angry *Craftſmen*, and makes furious Speeches in the Houſe, and thereby heats his Brain to a moſt immoderate Degree.' On *Saturday* the 3d Inſtant, he ſhewed away for the firſt Time ſince his Recovery, as he calls it; for any one may obſerve he is far from being well, by the very firſt Paragraph. * 'As Perfidy is the baſeſt of all Vices on one Side, (I ſuppoſe he means his own Side, becauſe he hath practiſed it for 10 Years together) ſo nothing is more grating to human Nature on the other Side (of the ſame Man) than being made Dupes and Bubbles; or in other Words, not being able to make Dupes and Bubbles of other People.'

THE Purport and Deſign of that Paper was to make Dupes and Bubbles of the Diſſenters, by inveighing againſt the *wiſe and wealthy Body* to fall in with his Meaſures to ſtrengthen his Oppoſition againſt the Government. And rather than not ſucceed in this Project, the Miſcarriage of which would be very *grating to human Nature*, he hath been guilty of *Perfidy, the moſt odious of all Vices*; § 'and the *mean Arts of tricking*, which *require only a falſe, deceitful Heart, and a little Cunning. The latter, indeed, hath ſometimes prevailed againſt the ableſt Stateſmen*; (meaning himſelf) but it hath been always *attended with the ſharpeſt Reſentments*, of which his Honour is a very melancholy Inſtance.' His Reſentments can hurt nobody ſo much as himſelf; but whether any of the Diſſenters will think proper to adopt his Reſentments, muſt be left to their own Judgment, upon a candid peruſal of this Letter of Invitation.

'WHILST the late Diſpute about the Repeal of the Teſt Act was on foot, I *purpoſely kept myſelf neuter*, according to a former Engagement; and I am neither *under any Obligation*, nor would it be of any Uſe to declare myſelf upon it at preſent; tho' I cannot forbear expreſſing my Opinion thus far, that if we may judge from the Conduct of the Diſſenters for three Years paſt, the Church of *England* would be in no Danger from *ſuch Politicians*, even ſuppoſing the Teſt was taken away.'

Is not this telling the Diſſenters very plainly, as I am under no Obligation to you, I ſhall not acquaint you with my Sentiments of the Teſt Act, any further than that I think ſuch a Company of Fools as you, are hardly worth my Notice.

Mr. *D'Anvers purpoſely kept himſelf neuter*, becauſe if he had declared himſelf in favour of the Diſſenters, he would have loſt his Intereſt among the Tories and High Churchmen. On the other hand, if he had declared againſt the Diſſenters, he would have wanted a Pretence to engage them to join with him in the Oppoſition to the preſent Adminiſtration.

** 'I am told (ſays he) that the Hon. Gentleman declared in a late memorable Speech againſt the Diſſenters, which I long to ſee in print, that he never pro-

* See *Craftſman, April* 3.
† *An Expreſſion of the Craftſman.*
‖ See *Ditto.*
§ See *Ditto.*
** See *Ditto.*

'miſed to ſerve them in this particular. The Diſſenters, 'and thoſe whom they truſted with the Management 'of their Affairs, are the beſt Judges how far this is 'true. But ſurely the well-known Fact of *putting 'them off* from Year to Year, under the Pretence of 'improper Times, implied a Promiſe, that ſome Time 'at leaſt would be proper, had nothing elſe paſſed between them.'

Now I apprehend the Caſe quite otherwiſe, and I believe every Gentleman will allow that in private Life where Excuſes of this Sort are made to avoid an Application, the Party excuſing himſelf never intends to grant the Favour deſired, tho' for decency Sake he may not think proper to give a flat Denial.

I ſhould be glad to know what Part Mr. *D'Anvers* would have preſcribed to the Honourable Gentleman, when the Diſſenters apply'd to him, pending the Elections of Parliament. Would he in ſuch a Caſe have given the Diſſenters an abſolute Denial, in order to exaſperate them to vote againſt himſelf and his Friends? Would he not rather have been reſerved, and told them he could not ſerve them at preſent, or that it was not then a proper Time?

BUT if I am not miſinformed, Mr. *D'Anvers* himſelf hath really acted the perfidious Part, which he imputes to another. I have heard that the Diſſenters applied to him likewiſe, and that he aſſured them he was a *Whig, and would maintain the Principles of Liberty to the End of his Life*. This was certainly inſinuating that he would aſſiſt them; for by maintaining the Principles of Liberty, the Diſſenters could underſtand nothing elſe but the repealing the Teſts, which are in their Judgment an Infringement of the Law of Liberty.

As to what the Miniſterial Advocates have advanced upon this Head, it is plain they wrote only their own Sentiments, and one of them hath ſince the Motion was rejected, perſiſted in the ſame Opinion, which cannot be reaſonably ſuppoſed to be the Effect of a miniſterial Direction.

IF any other miniſterial Writer hath altered his Principles with the Times, he hath the Precedent of very great and honourable Perſonages to juſtify ſuch a Tranſition; but I very much doubt whether he is able to *keep Peace* with Mr. *D'Anvers*.

WHAT is it for God's Sake that this Defamer of Miniſters will not affirm? Any Thing that ſerves his Turn. Whoever hath been converſant with his Writings, muſt have obſerved that it is a common Practice with him, firſt to invent the moſt odious Actions and Speeches he is able, and then to print the favourite Expreſſions in Italicks, and aſſert them poſitively to be the Actions and Words of Men in Power. * 'He 'tells his Confidents with a Smer, that they are fairly 'jockey'd.

IT can never be adviſable for the Diſſenters to oppoſe the Miniſtry under the Banners of the Patriot Faction, becauſe they are not gratified in this Particular, nor can they reaſonably expect any better Fate from the Prevalence of the Oppoſition, than that of the Dog in the Fable, who loſt the Mutton while he was purſuing the Shadow.

I am, Sir, your humble Servant,

Lincoln's Inn.

WM. PRYNN.

* *An Expreſſion of the Craftſman.*

Dublin, April 3. On the 25th of laſt Month the Houſe of Commons voted Thanks to the Right Hon. Henry Boyle, Eſq; their Speaker, for his Faithful and Eminent Services in the Chair this Seſſion of Parliament, and on the 27th attended the Lord Lieutenant with the following Addreſs.

To his Grace Lionel Duke of Dorſet, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.

The Humble Addreſs of the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes, in Parliament aſſembled.

May it p'eaſe your Grace,

THE Commons of Ireland in Parliament aſſembled, truly ſenſible of your wiſe, juſt and frugal Adminiſtration, return their ſincere Thanks to your Grace, for your conſtant Endeavours and unwearied Care to promote the Welfare of this Kingdom.

The Chearfulneſs with which we have given the Supplies, the Succeſs which has attended our Deliberations, and the great Eſteem and Reſpect which on all Occaſions we have ſhewn for your Perſon, muſt be laſting Monuments, that we confeſs ourſelves happy under your Grace's moſt prudent Adminiſtration.

We humbly Requeſt your Grace to repreſent us to the King our Sovereign, in the ſtrongeſt Terms of Duty and Loyalty, and to expreſs our Confidence and intire Satisfaction in his Royal Word for the Security of our Rights and Poſſeſſions.

On our Part, we will always endeavour to deſerve this Protection, and the Continuance of your Grace's Recommendation; your high Rank, Experience, and great Abilities, can never fail to have an Influence in our Favour, and with us it will be ever eſteemed our Felicity, that the Government of this Kingdom was committed to your Grace's Hands, where you always brought Joy and Honour, where your Preſence is moſt acceptable, and where there will always be the warmeſt Wiſhes for your Return.

His Grace was pleaſed to return the Anſwer following.

I Return my ſincere Thanks for this Affectionate Addreſs, and ſhall ever acknowledge, with the utmoſt Satisfaction, that not only your Expreſſions, but your Actions have ſhewn the greateſt Zeal for his Majeſty's Service, and the moſt obliging Regard for my Adminiſtration.

On the 29th of March the Houſe ordered, That Robert Oliver and the other Perſons, who have contracted with Thomas Cuming, Maſter of the Ship called the George of Dublin, may be at Liberty to lay their Actions upon the ſaid Thomas Cuming, notwithſtanding his being in Cuſtody of the Serjeant at Arms.

On Tueſday laſt his Grace the Lord Lieutenant went in the uſual State to the Houſe of Peers, and gave the Royal Aſſent to the Bills following.

An Act for the more effectual preventing Clandeſtine Marriages.

An Act for explaining an Act for Real Union and Diviſion of Pariſhes.

An Act for making more effectual an Act to amend and explain an Act, entitled, an Act to encourage Building of Houſes, and making other Improvements on Church-Lands, and to prevent Dilapidations.

An Act for accepting the ſolemn Affirmation or Declaration of the People called Quakers, inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form.

And to ſeveral Private Bills.

And then His Grace was pleaſed to make a Speech to both Houſes of Parliament, which is as followeth.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I Come with great Satisfaction to put an End to your Attendance this Seſſion, which notwithſtanding the remarkable Temper and Unanimity of your Proceedings, hath been drawn into an unavoidable Length, by bringing to Perfection ſo many uſeful and prudent Laws, as have now receiv'd His Majeſty's Royal Aſſent. If there have been few Parliaments, wherein the Expectations of the Crown were anſwered with more Chearfulneſs and Reſpect; on the other Side, there have ſeldom appeared greater Inſtances of a tender Regard for the Privileges of the Subject; His Majeſty's Royal Aſſurances, that He will diſcourage all Attempts to reverſe any Outlawries of Perſons attainted for the two laſt Rebellions in this Kingdom, will remain a laſting Monument of his Vigilance over the Proteſtant Intereſt of Ireland: And His Gracious Condeſcenſion in giving a firmer Security to your Rights and Properties by the Act for regulating Juries, will convince your Poſterity, that His paternal Care extended itſelf to all His People.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I have His Majeſty's Commands to return you Thanks for the Supplies granted this Seſſion, with ſo much Readineſs and Unanimity. I am willing to hope, that this good Diſpoſition aroſe, not only from your former Experience of the juſt and frugal Application of the publick Money; but from a Confidence, which I ſhall always

always endeavour to deserve, That the like Care would, as far as possible, be taken of it for the future.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The Differences that threatned the general Peace of Europe, in which this Nation must have been unavoidably involved, being now so far composed by His Majesty's Wisdom and Influence, that a Prospect of Tranquility is opened to us; nothing can be more seasonably recommended to you, than the extending your most valuable Manufacture; an Attention to your Trade within its legal and just Bounds; and an impartial and strict Execution of the Laws, which will be considered only as a dead Letter, if they are not faithfully executed, as they have been wisely framed and enacted.

I have received too much Satisfacton from the Addresses of both Houses, not to repeat My Acknowledgements for the obliging Manner in which you have expressed yourselves, with regard to My Administration. I shall continue my best Endeavours to preserve your Esteem; and when I return to his Majesty's Royal Presence, I will most faithfully represent to His Majesty the Loyalty, Affection and Zeal, of His Parliament of Ireland.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Grace's Command, Prorogued the Parliament to the Fourth of May next.

Tuesday last died at Cork, Thomas Deane, Esq; Son of the late Sir Matthew Deane, Bart. and on Friday following he was inter'd with great Funeral Solemnity. He was a Gentleman much regretted by all his Acquaintance, and particularly by the Poor of that City to whom he was a great Benefactor.

York, April 6. Yesterday the following, all Horsestealers, received Sentence of Death at the Castle, viz. Thomas Cooper, Joseph Allen, John Donnald and Abraham Jessup. The following, viz. John Midgeley and William Randal, for robbing and barbarously abusing Mr. Jonathan Lawton near his own House; John Poteus, Marmaduke Boothby and Hester Norton, for Felony and Burglary; and John Watson, William Jenkinson and Grice Denton, were order'd to be transported; and Thomas Ingleby to be whipped.

Worcester, April 7. Yesterday William Bithel, William Morgan, and Thomas Hall, were tried for cutting down Turnpikes at Ledbury in Herefordshire, and capitally convicted and received Sentence of Death this Morning. Thomas Reynolds and James Baylis, who were taken armed in Disguise, attempting to rescue them, are ordered up to London, to be tried next Term at the King's Bench Bar. Two other Rioters were bound in Recognizances to appear next Assize. The Mob has been so audacious, as to insult and wound some of the Evidence for the Crown, particularly one who was going this Morning to the Judges Lodgings, where they assembled in so riotous a Manner, that much Mischief had been done, if the Soldiers, who were directed to assist the Civil Magistrates, had not instantly appeared under Arms, and apprehended four or five of the Mob, who were committed to Gaol, and dispersed the Rest. If the Soldiery had not received Orders to support the Civil Authority, Justice could not have been done upon these notorious Offenders.

LONDON.

Last Tuesday the Rev. Dr. Willes, Dean of Lincoln, and one of the Prebendaries for Westminster, was Inducted into the Rectory of St. John's the Evangelist, at Westminster, to which he was lately presented, by the Dean and Chapter of that Collegiate Church, in the room of Dr. Villars the late Rector, deceas'd; a Living worth 300*l.* per Annum.

The Lord Bishop of London, has collated the Rev. Mr. Allen, to the Vicarage of Canweedon, in the County of Essex, and Diocese of London, a Living worth near 200*l.* per Annum.

Last Night the Lady of the Rt. Hon. Sir William Younge, lay at the Point of Death, at his House in Pall-Mall.

Yesterday Roger White, was committed to the Gatehouse Westminster, by Justice Scot, for breaking open the House of Mr. Jones, and stealing several Things of Value.

On Tuesday next the Lord Gray, Son and Heir Apparent to the Rt. Hon. the Earl of Stamford, is to be married to the Lady Mary Booth, only Daughter of the Earl of Warrington.

To morrow the Court goes into Second Mourning, for the Death of the late Count Hanau; the Gentlemen to wear Black, and coloured Swords and Buckles, the Ladies to wear black Silk or Velvet, coloured Ribbons, Fans and Tippets.

This Day the Hon. Stephen Poyntz, Esq; and his Lady, who have been some time very dangerously ill at the Bath, being recovered, are expected at their Appartments at St. James's.

The Subjects of the Oratory To-morrow in the Morning, will be the various Opinions of God's Decrees, those of Socinus, Arminius, the Dutch Churches, the Confession of Ausburg, Toland, &c. Curious Observations of the Character and Actions of Jesus Christ, his peculiar Name, Godhead, Humility, Mercy, Deportment; why called a Pearl, a Lamb, a Sun, and the devout Use. In the Evening, an Oration on the Appearances and Return of Spirits from the Dead to the Living; and Remarks on a Lady's Donation to found a Protestant Nunnery, the Original and Improvement of that Thought; and a publick Disputation, 'Whether Man be a free Agent by Nature?'

Yesterday Bank Stock was 150 7-8ths for the Opening. India 174 1-half. South Sea 97 3-4ths to 7-8ths. Old Annuity 112 to 1-8th for the Opening. New ditto 110 3-8ths to 1-half. Three per Cent. Annuity 104. Emperor's Loan 115 3-4ths. Royal Assurance 106 3-4ths. London-Assurance 14 for the Opening. York Buildings 2. African 10. India Bonds 5*l.* 19*s.* to 6*l.* 1*s.* Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 5*l.* 1*s.* Prem. South Sea Bonds 5*l.* 10*s.* to 11*s.* Premium. New Bank Circulation 6*l.* 15*s.* Premium. Salt Tallies 4 to 5 1-half Prem. English Copper 2*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* Prem. Welsh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 per Cent. Premium. Million Bank 115.

WHEREAS a Bill of Indictment for Felony was found by the Grand Jury at the last Assizes held for the County of Somerset, against Edward Halliday, a Bankrupt, late of Frome in the said County; and the Lord Chief Justice Hardwick thereupon issued forth his Warrant for apprehending and bringing him to Justice: Whoever therefore shall apprehend and secure the aforesaid Edward Halliday, so that he may be delivered into safe Custody, shall forthwith receive Forty Pounds as a Reward of Giles Hill, of Hemington in the said County, or of Abraham Clavey of Frome, who have at the Request of a considerable Number of the said Bankrupt's Creditors published this, and have under their Hands and Seals a Subscription for this Purpose. As witness our Hands this 4th Day of March 1735.

Giles Hill.
Abraham Clavey.

THE Trustees appointed by Act of Parliament for Sale of the late Earl of Ranelagh's Estates, give Notice, That the said late Earl's Freehold Mansion-House in King's-Street, by St. James's-Square, in the Possession of the Lady Morgan, will be sold by Auction to the best Bidder, at the said Mansion House in King's-Street, on Monday the 12th of April, 1736; at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon. Particulars are deliver'd at Mr. Besley's Attorney at Law, in Norfolk-Street in the Strand.

This Day is Published,

(Compleat in Two Volumes in Folio, printed from a Copy revised by himself; with the Effigies of the Author, from an Original Painting, curiously engraved by Mr. VERTUE, *the Eleventh Edition of)*

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A TRUE ACCOUNT of the Nature, *End*, and *Efficacy* of the SACRAMENT of the LORD'S SUPPER. Of the great Duty of *Frequenting*, and of the Necessity, and Right *Method of Preparing* for the Worthy Participation of it.

In which is contained,

AN ANSWER to a late Book, intitled, *A Plain Account of this Sacrament.*

WITH

A PREFACE. Shewing the *Agreement* of this Plain Account, with the Notions of the SOCINIANS and its *Disagreement* with the Doctrine of the CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

Dicum brevius, & forte rudius, sed apertius Sacramentum sine Salutis Promissione esse nunquam potest.—
Caly Instit. Lib. IV. C.

By THOMAS BOWYER, *Vicar of Martock in Somersetshire.*

Printed for C. RIVINGTON at the Bible and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, and J. LEAKE, Bookseller in Bath.

This Day is Publish'd,
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THE Quaker's Reply to the Country Parson's Plea, against the Quakers Bill for Tythes.

But wo unto you Pharisees; for ye tythe Mint, and Rue, and all manner of Herbs, and pass over Judgment and the Love of God. St. Luke chap. 11. ver.

Wo unto you Scribes and Pharisees, Hypocrites, for ye tythe of Mint, and Anise and Cummin, and have omitted the weightier Matters of the Law, Judgment, Mercy and Faith. St. Matt. chap. 23. ver.

For they bind heavy Burdens, and grievous to be born, and lay them on Men's Shoulders, but they themselves will not move them with one of their Fingers. St. Matth. chap. 23. ver.

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1. A VINDICATION of the TEST ACT: Or, The Right of Protestant Dissenters to be admitted into all Civil Offices fully and impartially considered. By a Member of the House of Commons.

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N. B. Some of the Apothecaries prepare a Stypticke from the Prescription of Helvetius, and use it in the Room of Dr. EATON'S; but whoever tries both, will soon be perfwaded that Our's exceeds their's in all Respects, in a most eminent Degree.

Sold, by Licence, at Garraway's Old Shop, Practical Scholar at the Royal Exchange; Mr. R. Bradshaw's Warehouse behind the Royal Exchange; Mr. John Potter, Chymist, in Bartholomew Close; Mr. William Evans, Bookseller in Bristol; Mr. Hammond, Jun. Bookseller at York; Mr. Roe, Bookseller in Derby; Mr. Raiks, Printer in Gloucester; Mr. Dicey, Printer in Northampton; Mr. Thomas Greenhill, Mercer, Bath; Mr. Abree, Printer, at Canterbury; Mr. Howe, an Apothecary at Kidderminster; Mrs. Trobridge, a Shopkeeper in Exeter Mr. Hallifax, an Apothecary at Bristol; Mrs. Unett, a Bookseller, at Woolverhampton, and Bryan, a Printer, at Worcester.

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